

IPv6 and Overlays

EE122
Introduction to Communication Networks
Discussion Section

Larger address is not everything

- Headers structure is made to improve the performance of routing (from wikipedia)
- No fragmentation
 - PMTU discovery is needed
- No checksum
- Flow label – QoS management
- IPsec
- Multicast

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IPv6: Motivation

- Need for a larger address space
 - Explosive growth
 - Under-utilization by class A/B/C addresses

- Minus
CIDR, NAT
increase usable
address space

+ Plus
Wireless sensor
networks, ubiquitous
computing require small
devices have IP
addresses

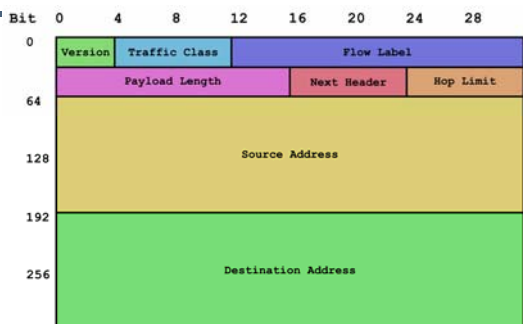
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Comparison of IPv4 and IPv6

	IPv4	IPv6
Address Size	32 bits	128 bits
Fragmentation	Supported	Not supported
Checksum	Yes	No
QoS	No	Yes
IPsec	No	Yes
Multicast	No	Yes

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Packet Format



From wikipedia₃

Limitation of IP layer services

- QoS
 - Payment issue
- IPsec
 - End-to-End argument
- Multicast

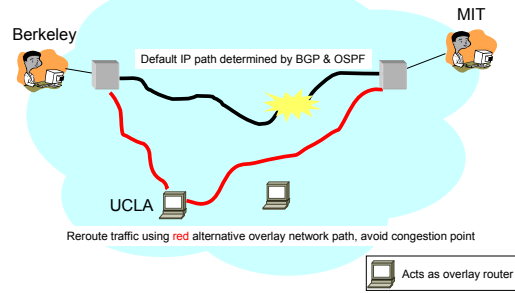
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Internet Today

- Changes in the network happen very slowly
 - IPv6 not deployed widely yet
 - Other examples: IPSEC (93), IP Multicast (90)
- Why?
 - Internet network is a shared infrastructure; need to achieve consensus (IETF)
 - Many of proposals require to change a large number of routers (e.g., IP Multicast, QoS); otherwise end-users won't benefit
 - One size does not fit all
 - Different applications have different requirements

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Example



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Goals

- Make it easy to deploy new functionalities in the network → accelerate the pace of innovation
- Allow users to customize their service

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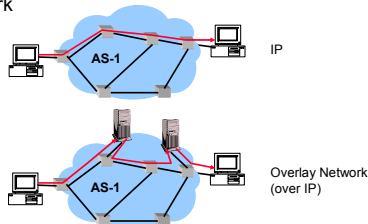
Resilient Overlay Network (RON)

- Premise: by building application overlay network, can increase performance and reliability of routing
- Install N computers at different Internet locations
- Each computer acts as an overlay network router
 - Between each overlay router is an IP tunnel (logical link)
 - Logical overlay topology is all-to-all (N^2)
- Computers actively measure each logical link in real time for
 - Packet loss rate, latency, throughput, etc
- Route overlay network traffic based on measured characteristics

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One Solution

- Deploy processing in the network
- Have packets processed as they traverse the network



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What about P2P networks?

- Some overlays are p2p networks
- Some p2p networks are overlays

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